CHARLESTON JAZZ NORTH CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021





American Institute of Certified Public Accountants | South Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Charleston Jazz North Charleston, South Carolina

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Charleston Jazz (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Charleston Jazz as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Charleston Jazz and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Charleston Jazz's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Charleston Jazz's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Charleston Jazz's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Charleston, South Carolina

Glaser and Company, LC

May 9, 2023

CHARLESTON JAZZ STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	281,288	\$ 256,138
Unconditional promises to give, current		6,311	4,142
Prepaid and other assets		11,116	9,393
Total current assets		298,715	269,673
Non-current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents, endowment		-	100,747
Investments, endowment		103,354	-
Furniture and equipment, net		91,180	102,766
Library and archives, net		37,693	 37,211
Total non-current assets		232,227	240,724
Total assets	\$	530,942	\$ 510,397
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSET	<u>'S</u>		
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	24,711	\$ 14,502
Accrued payroll		12,814	11,190
Deferred concert revenue		84,123	79,186
Line of credit		343	
Total current liabilities		121,991	 104,878
Total liabilities		121,991	 104,878
Net Assets			
Without donor restrictions		273,097	258,372
With donor restrictions		135,854	 147,147
Total net assets		408,951	405,519
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	530,942	\$ 510,397

CHARLESTON JAZZ STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Changes in unrestricted net assets						
Support and Revenue						
Concert revenue	\$	304,582	\$	-	\$ 304,582	
Grants		425,045		-	425,045	
Contributions		154,134		12,500	166,634	
Academy tuition, fees and revenues		50,578		-	50,578	
Sponsorships		36,577		20,000	56,577	
Contributions - in-kind		110,067		-	110,067	
Special events, net of \$20,543 of expenses		29,408		-	29,408	
Interest		31		-	31	
Investment income				2,607	 2,607	
Total support and revenue		1,110,422		35,107	1,145,529	
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		46,400		(46,400)	_	
Expenses						
Program services:						
Festival and orchestra programs		670,566		_	670,566	
Academy activities		312,289		_	312,289	
Total program services		982,855		-	982,855	
Supporting services:						
General and administrative		114,344		-	114,344	
Fundraising		44,898		_	44,898	
Total supporting services		159,242		-	159,242	
Total expenses		1,142,097			1,142,097	
Increase (decrease) in net assets		14,725		(11,293)	3,432	
Net assets, beginning of year		258,372		147,147	405,519	
Net assets, end of year	\$	273,097	\$	135,854	\$ 408,951	

CHARLESTON JAZZ STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions		th Donor strictions	Total
Changes in unrestricted net assets				
Support and Revenue				
Concert revenue	\$	182,712	\$ -	\$ 182,712
Grants		228,401	74,400	302,801
Contributions		101,239	52,747	153,986
Academy tuition, fees and revenues		35,220	-	35,220
Sponsorships		28,624	20,000	48,624
Contributions - in-kind		116,923	-	116,923
Federal financial assistance		214,741	-	214,741
Special events		6,544	-	6,544
Interest		12		 12
Total support and revenue		914,416	147,147	1,061,563
Net Assets Released from Restrictions				
Expenses				
Program services:				
Festival and orchestra programs		338,068	-	338,068
Academy activities		303,193	-	303,193
Total program services		641,261	-	641,261
Supporting services:				
General and administrative		111,662	-	111,662
Fundraising		53,070	-	53,070
Total supporting services		164,732	-	 164,732
Total expenses		805,993		805,993
Increase in net assets		108,423	147,147	255,570
Net assets, beginning of year		149,949	 	149,949
Net assets, end of year	\$	258,372	\$ 147,147	\$ 405,519

CHARLESTON JAZZ STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Supporting Services			_		
		Program Services	General and Administrative	Fundraising		Total
Salary, taxes and benefits	\$	281,626	\$ 38,250	\$ 29,750	\$	349,626
Contract labor - musicians		186,757	-	-		186,757
Contract labor and services - other		100,253	5,096	7,460		112,809
Equipment and rentals, office		474	-	-		474
Instructional supplies		3,510	-	-		3,510
Marketing and advertising		116,263	-	-		116,263
Occupancy and venues		173,245	9,641	-		182,886
Artistic and production - other		20,826	-	-		20,826
Travel		21,132	357	-		21,489
Printing		17,049	-	-		17,049
Merchant and bank fees		31,030	1,372	60		32,462
Accounting and professional		-	48,574	-		48,574
Office supplies and postage		4,083	958	4,986		10,027
Insurance		-	4,547	-		4,547
Telephone and connectivity		7,724	1,058	516		9,298
Interest and finance charges		-	133	-		133
Depreciation		11,432	87	67		11,586
Miscellaneous		7,451	4,271	2,059		13,781

982,855 \$

114,344 \$

44,898 \$

1,142,097

Total expenses

CHARLESTON JAZZ STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Supportin	-		
		Program Services		eneral and	Fundraising		Total
Salary, taxes and benefits	\$	238,735	\$	35,100	\$ 47,502	\$	321,337
Contract labor - musicians		77,312		-	-		77,312
Contract labor and services - other		61,653		4,951	-		66,604
Instructional supplies		1,716		-	-		1,716
Marketing and advertising		67,192		-	-		67,192
Donor recognition		-		-	2,542		2,542
Occupancy and venues		132,681		8,509	-		141,190
Artistic and production - other		14,949		-	-		14,949
Travel		1,914		184	-		2,098
Printing		2,099		-	-		2,099
Merchant and bank fees		19,372		3,488	-		22,860
Legal and professional fees		-		45,501	-		45,501
Office supplies and postage		5,918		1,813	555		8,286
Insurance		-		4,724	-		4,724
Telephone and connectivity		4,631		783	1,109		6,523
Interest and finance charges		-		234	-		234
Depreciation		10,907		140	365		11,412
Miscellaneous		2,182		6,235	997		9,414
Total expenses	\$	641,261	\$	111,662	\$ 53,070	\$	805,993

CHARLESTON JAZZ STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022			2021	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Increase in net assets	\$	3,432	\$	255,570	
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets					
to net cash provided by operating activities:		44.506			
Depreciation		11,586		11,412	
Donated musical instruments		-		(4,500)	
Contributions received restricted for long-term purposes		- (1.000)		(100,747)	
Unrealized gain on investments, endowment		(1,223)		-	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(2.1(0)		(4.1.42)	
Increase in unconditional promises to give		(2,169)		(4,142)	
Increase in prepaid and other assets		(1,723)		(5,732)	
Increase in accounts payable		10,209		5,804	
Increase in accrued payroll Increase in deferred concert revenue		1,624		3,285	
increase in deferred concert revenue		4,937		14,421	
Net cash provided by operating activities		26,673		175,371	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Purchase of investments, endowment		(102,131)		_	
Purchase of computer		-		(1,013)	
Purchase of additions to music library		(482)		(632)	
Net cash used for investing activities		(102,613)		(1,645)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Net proceeds from (payments to) line of credit		343		(42,000)	
Contributions collected restricted for long-term purposes				100,747	
Net cash provided by financing activities		343		58,747	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(75,597)		232,473	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		356,885		124,412	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	281,288	\$	356,885	
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:					
Interest paid	\$	133	\$	234	

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Basic Program

Charleston Jazz ("Charleston Jazz") (formerly known as "Jazz Artists of Charleston") (a nonprofit organization) was organized January 16, 2008, to grow a local and global community for jazz through performance, education and outreach while celebrating and preserving Charleston's rich history in jazz. Programs include year-round concerts by the Charleston Jazz Orchestra and Charleston Jazz artists; the annual Charleston Jazz Festival a four-day festival each year bringing local, regional and national jazz musicians to Charleston, South Carolina; and education and activities to elevate jazz musicianship and broaden the love of Jazz through the Charleston Jazz Academy.

Charleston Jazz's support comes primarily from concert revenues and contributions, grants and sponsorships made by individual donors, businesses, and other supporting entities and tuition and fees.

In the interest of elevating jazz musicianship and broadening the love of jazz in future generations, Charleston Jazz brought the Leonard School of Music operations into the organization to create the Charleston Jazz Academy. The Leonard School of Music, Inc. had played an important role in teaching jazz to young people in Charleston since 1945. Working in partnership with local schools, parents, and students of all ages, the Charleston Jazz Academy brings together highly motivated students in a collaborative and challenging environment to expand their repertoire and nurture the skills of improvisation.

Global Pandemic

In January 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") a Public Health Emergency of International Concern. In response to the outbreak of COVID-19 and the resulting federal state, and local government directives, In 2021, the Charleston Jazz Orchestra performed at the Charleston Music Hall featuring only half of the number of musicians to accommodate social distancing on stage. The Charleston Music Hall required all staff and attendees to wear masks, limited seating capacity to 30% of total capacity and required social distance seating. The Charleston Jazz Orchestra also performed each of the three spring concerts outdoors. Charleston Jazz saw a 30% decline in season subscription sales between 2020 and 2021. The overall attendance in 2021 was 42% down from 2019 pre-covid years. At the time of issuance of the financial statements, Charleston Jazz has adequately responded to these risks.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements present the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of Charleston Jazz on the accrual basis of accounting. Support is recognized when received or unconditionally promised, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Basis of Presentation

In accordance with ASC 958-205, *Presentation of Financial Statements*, Charleston Jazz reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets with donor restrictions and net assets without donor restrictions.

Net Assets without Donor Restrictions

Net assets without donor-imposed restrictions and currently available for program and supporting services.

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations, may or will be met, by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Unconditional Promises to Give

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to Charleston Jazz that is, in substance, unconditional. Charleston Jazz uses the direct write-off method to determine uncollectible unconditional promises receivable. The results do not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, all promises to give were expected to be collected in less than one year.

Prepaid and Other Assets

Charleston Jazz recognizes payments made for services or benefits in future periods as prepaid and other assets. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Charleston Jazz prepaid assets are comprised of insurance, costs for venue, marketing and other costs for 2022 and 2021 concerts and events, respectively.

Furniture and Equipment

It is the policy of Charleston Jazz to capitalize furniture and equipment of \$1,000 or greater at cost, if purchased, and at fair market value, if donated. Capitalized leasehold improvements, furniture and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciable lives of range from seven to fifteen years.

Library and Archives

Charleston Jazz capitalizes investments in music library, video, and audio archives. Capitalized library and archives are evaluated for impairment annually. For wasting library and archive assets, Charleston Jazz amortizes their cost on a straight-line basis over a period approximating 10 years.

Deferred Concert Revenue

Charleston Jazz recognizes payments for future concerts and events as deferred concert revenue. This deferred revenue is recognized in the future period when the concert or event is performed.

Revenues from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues from non-exchange transactions are recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions depending upon the existence and/or nature of donor restrictions. Revenues from non-exchange transactions may also be subject to restrictions. Revenues from conditional non-exchange transactions are recognized when the restriction is satisfied, which is generally as costs are incurred. In addition, Charleston Jazz has elected the simultaneous release option for conditional contributions that are subject to purpose restrictions. Under this option, net assets without donor restrictions include the donor-restricted contributions for which the purpose restrictions are met in the same reporting period as the revenue is recognized. Revenues from non-exchange transactions that are considered unconditional generally are recognized as revenues with donor restrictions when the funds are awarded and are released into net assets without donor restrictions when the purpose has been met.

Revenues from Exchange Transactions

Charleston Jazz has multiple revenue streams that are accounted for as exchange transactions primarily from concert revenues and academy tuition. Because the Charleston Jazz's performance obligations are for a duration of less than one year, Charleston Jazz has elected to apply the optional

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

exemption provided in FASB ASC 606-10-50-14, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, and, therefore, is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period.

Reclassifications

Certain 2021 balances have been reclassified to conform with 2022 presentation.

Contributions – In-kind

Charleston Jazz receives various donated services, advertising, marketing, printing and office space rent from supporters, which were used for program services and other operating activities. This rent and services totaled \$110,067 and \$112,423 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Charleston Jazz also received donated capital of \$4,500 for the year ended December 31, 2021. A number of unpaid volunteers have made significant contributions of time to assist the Charleston Jazz in the operation of its programs. The value of these contributions is not reflected in these statements since they do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition.

Functional Expenses

Charleston Jazz records expenses on a functional basis among its various program activities and supporting services. Program activities represent the costs associated with the delivery of the Charleston Jazz's mission. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or supporting service are charged directly. Other expenses that are common to several functions are allocated by various statistical bases. Salaries and related expenses are allocated based on time and effort. Staff training and conferences, contract services, supplies and other, insurance, promotion and advertising and interest are allocated based on total directly identified expenses. Facility occupancy, repairs and maintenance, depreciation and amortization are allocated based on square footage.

Income Taxes

Charleston Jazz is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, Charleston Jazz qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2).

Advertising

Advertising and marketing costs are expensed as incurred.

Federal Financial Assistance

During the year ended December 31, 2021, Charleston Jazz applied for and received, forgivable loan under the US Small Business Administration ("SBA") Paycheck Protection Program in the amounts of \$59,700. Further, for the year ended December 31, 2021, Charleston Jazz received from the SBA through its Shuttered Venue Operators Grant program, a \$155,041 grant in support of COVID-19 relief.

2. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Charleston Jazz maintains deposits in commercial bank accounts. At December 31, 2022, Charleston Jazz did not have any deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage of \$250,000.

3. FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment consist of the following as of December 31:

	2022			2021		
Computers and equipment	\$	21,742	\$	21,742		
Leasehold improvements		123,944		123,944		
Furniture		6,988		6,988		
		152,674	'	152,674		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(61,494)		(49,908)		
	\$	91,180	\$	102,766		

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$11,586 and \$11,412, respectively.

4. LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES

Library and archives consist of the following at December 31:

	2022			2021
Music library	\$	28,756	\$	28,274
Photography archives		13,936		13,936
Video and audio archives		7,437		7,437
Logo		1,500		1,500
		51,629		51,147
Accumulated amortization		(13,936)		(13,936)
	\$	37,693	\$	37,211

5. LINES OF CREDIT

Charleston Jazz has an agreement with a First Horizon Bank for a \$35,000 line of credit. Interest accrues at a variable rate. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding balance was \$343 and \$0, respectively. Interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$0.

During 2022, Charleston Jazz signed a (24) month line of credit agreement with a United Community Bank for a \$50,000. Interest accrues at a fixed rate of 2.95%. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding balance was \$0. Interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$0.

6. PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM

On January 25, 2021, Charleston Jazz received \$59,700 Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") loan from the US Small Business Administration ("SBA") through a commercial lender. The loan was forgivable under expanding terms if Charleston Jazz was able to retain employees and expend funds under the criteria of the PPP. Charleston Jazz met the terms of PPP forgiveness and applied for and received approval for forgiveness of these notes on June 14, 2021. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP), an organization can elect to treat a PPP note as federal financial assistance if it is probable it will meet the PPP forgiveness criteria at the time of note issuance or during the term of the related note. Accordingly, Charleston Jazz treated the forgiveness as federal financial assistance, and not gain on forgiveness of debt under US GAAP. Further, Charleston Jazz presented such federal financial assistance in the operating section of the statements of cash flows versus the financing section under these standards.

7. LEASE AGREEMENT

On April 28, 2017, Charleston Jazz signed a lease agreement with 3005 W Montague LLC for the main operating facility of the Charleston Jazz Academy. The lease term is for (5) years and (2) months commencing on April 1, 2017. The lease has an option of renewal for a period of (3) years and increases annually at a rate of (3%) from inception. On April 13, 2020, September 8, 2020, December 2020 and in May 31, 2022, Charleston Jazz signed a first, second, third and fourth amendment to the lease.

In the terms of the amendments, base rental payments for 2023 will be abated in the amount of \$4,675 per month, and monthly fixed common area maintenance charges will be paid for 2023 in the amount of \$2,583.

Future minimum lease payments under the term of the lease are as follows:

2023	\$ 31,000
2024	81,460
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 112,460

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$77,340 and \$76,783, respectively. Included in rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is in-kind (donated) rent of \$77,340 and \$76,783, respectively.

8. NET ASSETS

Net assets are released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the purposes or by occurrence of other events specified by donors during the years ended December 31 as follows:

	2022			2021
Charleston Jazz Academy programs	\$	46,400	\$	
	\$	46,400	\$	

8. NET ASSETS - Continued

Net assets with donor restrictions as of December 31 are available for the following purposes:

	2022			2021	
Restricted for Specific Purpose:					
Charleston Jazz Academy scholarships	\$	-	\$	20,000	
Charleston Jazz Academy internship program		4,400		4,400	
Restricted for Passage of Time:					
2023 Festival Sponsorship and memberships		28,100		22,000	
Restricted for Endowment:					
Charleston Jazz Academy endowment for internships		103,354		100,747	
	\$	135,854	\$	147,147	

9. CHARLESTON JAZZ ACADEMY ENDOWMENT FUND

The state of South Carolina has adopted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA), the provisions of which apply to endowment funds existing or established after the date of adoption. The corpus of the fund subject to UPMIFA is classified as net assets with donor restrictions. The corpus represents the fair value of the original gifts as of the gift date and all subsequent gifts where the donor has indicated that the gift must be retained in perpetuity. The value of assets in excess of original gifts in donor-restricted endowment funds is classified as net assets with donor restrictions until appropriated for expenditure by Charleston Jazz. The Charleston Jazz Academy Endowment Fund is established to support the Charleston Jazz Academy, its educational programming and outreach, including the provisions of funds for scholarships and internships for Academy students, musicians, teachers, administrators, and other individuals that support and provided related services to the academy.

Spending policy

Spending is based on a total return strategy, which includes both appreciation and income. Charleston Jazz's spending allowance rate is established by the endowment fund agreement. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Board may expend so much of an endowment fund as the Board determines to be prudent for the uses and purposes for which the endowment fund is established, consistent with the goal of conserving the long-term purchasing power of the endowment fund. Charleston Jazz does not intend to make distributions from the fund in the near term as plans to grow the fund over time. In future years Charleston Jazz will establish a spending percentage in accordance with its endowment fund agreement, which may also include an endowment fund management fee.

Investment policy

The overall investment goal for the endowment fund is three-fold: (1) to provide a relatively predictable, stable, and constant spending stream to meet the needs of Charleston Jazz; (2) to preserve and enhance the real (inflation adjusted) purchasing power of the fund; and (3) to increase the fund through unspent income and gains, appreciated value, gifts, and other appropriate funds.

9. ENDOWMENT FUNDS FOR THE BENEFIT OF CHARLESTON JAZZ INTERSHIPS - CONTINUED

The following represents a description of the endowment net asset composition as of December 31:

				20	22		
			Wi	th Donor	Rest	rictions	
		thout rictions		nulated (Losses)	G	Original ift Held Perpetuity	Total
Charleston Jazz Academy				()		<u> </u>	
endowment for internships	\$	-	\$		\$	103,354	\$ 103,354
	\$	-	\$		\$	103,354	\$ 103,354
				20	21		
			Wi	th Donor	Rest	rictions	
	Wii	thout	Accur	nulated		Original ift Held	
		rictions		(Losses)		Perpetuity	 Total
Charleston Jazz Academy endowment for internships	\$	-	\$		\$	100,747	\$ 100,747
	\$	-	\$		\$	100,747	\$ 100,747

The following represents changes in endowment net assets for the years ended December 31:

	2022							
	Without Restrictions		Accumulated Gains (Losses)		Original Gift Held in Perpetuity		Total	
Net endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	_	\$		\$	100,747	\$	100,747
Investment return		-		2,607		-		2,607
Contributions		-		-		-		-
Appropriations and spending								
Net endowment net assets, end of year	\$	-	\$	2,607	\$	100,747	\$	103,354

9. ENDOWMENT FUNDS FOR THE BENEFIT OF CHARLESTON JAZZ INTERSHIPS - CONTINUED

	2021							
	Without Restrictions		Accumulated Gains (Losses)		Original Gift Held in Perpetuity		Total	
Net endowment net assets,								
beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Investment return		-		-		-		-
Contributions		-		-		100,747		100,747
Appropriations and spending		-					1	
Net endowment net assets, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	100,747	\$	100,747

10. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT AND UPDATES

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Subtopic 842), which will require entities to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclose key information about the leasing arrangements. For non-profit organizations, this standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021, and early adoption is permitted. The standard is not considered to have a material impact to the financial statements.

The FASB issued ASU 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) on Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets, which requires organizations to present contributed nonfinancial assets as a separate line item in the Statement of Activities, apart from cash and other financial assets, and disaggregate into different categories those nonfinancial assets. For each category of utilized assets, the description of programs or other activities in which the assets are utilized and any donor-imposed restrictions on the use of assets need to be disclosed. The standard is effective for the Organization's fiscal year 2022. The impact of this standard on the Organization's financial statements was evaluated and there was not a material impact to the financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies are not expected to have a material impact on the Organization's net assets or changes in net assets.

11. DISCLOSURE OF LIQUIDITY INFORMATION

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets as of December 31 reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the statements of financial position date.

	 2022	2021		
Financial assets, at December 31:	\$ 287,599	\$	260,280	
Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one year due to: Contractual or donor-imposed restrictions: Subject to satisfaction of donor-imposed restrictions	(103,354)		(100,747)	
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ 184,245	\$	159,533	

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the effect subsequent events would have on the financial statements of Charleston Jazz at December 31, 2022 through May 9, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to issue. Based upon this evaluation, there were no material adjustments or disclosures to these financial statements.